



Regional Pro Rodeo At It's Best

Cowboys Regional Rodeo Association. Inc.
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Table of Contents

Office of Association	1
Members Requirements	2
Requirements for Sanction Approval	3
Postponement of Rodeo	5
Point Standings and All-around	6
Rookie Eligibility	8
Dress Code	8
Arena Secretary Duties	8
Pay-off	12
Entries	14
Drawing of Livestock	15
Judges and Requirements	16
Setting of Automatic Barriers and Score Line	18
Timekeepers	20
Stock Contractor/producer	21
Contract Acts	21
Turn-out Rule	22
Fine Chart	22
Bareback Riding	24
Bareback Disqualifications	26
Saddle Bronc Riding	27
Saddle Bronc Disqualifications	29
Ranch Saddle Bronc Riding	29
Bull Riding	30
Bull Riding Disqualifications	32
Timed Events	33
Barriers	35
Tie-Down Roping	36
Tie-Down Roping Disqualifications	38
Re-runs – Tie-down Roping	38
Steer Wrestling	39
Steer Wrestling-Steers	40
Cutting of Steers	40
Steer-Wrestling Disqualifications	41
Steer Wrestling Re-runs	41
Team Roping	41
Team Roping – Legal Catches	44
Cowgirls Barrel Racing	44
Electronic Failures and Re-runs	47
Gateways and Alleyways	48
Cowgirl Barrel Race-Penalties	48
CBR Disqualifications	48
Vet Release and Turn-outs	49
Cowgirl Barrel Race – Ground Rules	50
Break-away Roping	50
Humane Rules	52
Winter Jackpots	53

GENERAL INFORMATION

The name of this association is COWBOYS REGIONAL RODEO ASSOCIATION, of which the membership is made up of contestants, cowboys, cowgirls, stock contractor/producers, contract performers and committees, but for all practical purposes shall be known as the CRRA.

Any person becoming a member of the CRRA shall become familiar with its rules and shall comply and be bound by the same. Members not in compliance with CRRA rules may be fined, suspended, and/or expelled in accordance with the rules now in force or later adopted by the Board of Directors or Executive Committee. Only members in good standing are eligible to participate in CRRA activities and receive any awards or benefits sanctioned by the CRRA. All rules and rule changes of the CRRA will be voted on by eleven (11) members of the Cowboy Board of Directors.

The purpose of the CRRA shall be to Promote rodeo as a sport and profession, striving at all times to insure honesty and fairness to both the contestants and the stock contractor/producers; to create an amicable relationship among stock contractor/producers, rodeo committees and contestants; to inspect, approve and help advertise rodeo being sponsored in accordance with CRRA standards.

1. To encourage rodeos to comply with standards necessary to obtain approval by the CRRA.
2. To hold and sponsor contest and championships among members. To hold a year-end finals rodeo and awards ceremony. Finals personnel to be voted on at the end of the year.
3. This association, corporation and/or rodeo committee will not be held liable for the contracts, faults, neglects, debts or injuries of any members or spectators.
4. Cut-off date for year end points will be the last Sunday in September of each year.

OFFICE OF ASSOCIATION

Eleven voting members will make up the Cowboy Board of Directors. This board will include (1) from each of eight standard events, (1) from the stock contractors, (1) from the judges, and (1) from contract performers.

The board shall act as a jury and must have a majority approval on all rules before they become effective. A majority of six (6) board members must be present at any meeting before it can be recognized as an official meeting, with the approval of the stockholder Board of Directors.

Directors shall be elected for one (1), three (3) year term. No officer or director shall serve another rodeo association as an officer, director, spokesperson or representative.

Secretary/Treasurer will be appointed by the corporation.

Spokesmen (men and women) for different areas will be appointed by the corporation.

Any board resignation will be submitted to the chairman of the Cowboy Board of Directors. All replacements will be voted on by the Cowboy Board of Directors. Final action will be taken by the vote of the directors. Such election being for the un-expired term.

MEMBERSHIP REQUIREMENTS

1. Membership shall be open to any person interested in rodeo, regardless of race, color, creed, age, or sex. All membership cards must be purchased from the CRRA office.
2. All CRRA members and officials shall read and know the prevailing rules of each individual rodeo. Failure to know rules will not be excepted as an excuse. All CRRA rules will be enforced. All non-sanctioned rules will be posted.
3. All participants in a CRRA approved rodeo must be paid up members in good standing. Participants are defined to include contestants, secretaries, flagmen, judges, pick-up men, contract performers, announcers, clowns and stock contractor/producers.
4. No CRRA member shall be allowed in the arena during a rodeo performance unless entered in an event, unless he/she has signed a waiver releasing the management and producers from liability. A members signed application to join the CRRA will serve as this release.
5. ***Special ground rules in addition to rule book at the FINALS rodeo.***
6. Any member entering a rodeo on an expired membership card or allowing anyone to use his/her card or card number will be subject to fine and suspension. Members shall use the name as it appears on the CRRA card along with their card number. Any person entering a CRRA rodeo must hold or purchase a CRRA card or pay a \$10 per entry permit fee. All permit fees will be sent to the CRRA office. *Locals will be within a 25 mile radius or a county resident. CRRA contestants will have priority over locals and permit holders.*
7. Membership dues will be \$90.00 for a competing card and will be good for that rodeo season. A non-competing card is \$40.00

for judges, pick-up men, clowns, contract acts, secretaries, timers, announcers.

8. Any member may be listed and subject to fines or suspension for persisting in any of the following offenses:
 - a. Insufficient or bogus checks
 - b. Fighting in the arena
 - c. Misconduct in the arena
 - d. Attempting to bribe a judge
 - e. Cheating
 - f. Excessive profane language
 - g. Deliberate abuse of animals
 - h. Use of alcoholic beverages or illegal drugs in the arena
 - i. Failure to pay hotel or motel bill and damages
 - j. Failure to pay doctor or hospital charges for necessary services rendered as a result of injuries received at a CRRA rodeo
 - k. Non-payment of entry fees
 - l. Competing or being in the arena without proper attire

9. Stock contractors, producers and committees may be fined or suspended for any of the above membership offenses plus any of the following:
 - a. Failure to pay added money as advertised
 - b. Leaving any bad debts or checks connected with producing a CRRA rodeo in town
 - c. Failing to produce the rodeo according to the CRRA rule book

10. *At all CRRA first approved rodeos the rodeo officials must hold a CRRA membership. This includes, judges, bull fighters, timers, pickup men and announcer.*

REQUIREMENTS FOR SANCTION APPROVAL

1. Rodeo committees desiring to have a CRRA sanctioned rodeo must have their applications in the CRRA office to be in one (1) publication of the official CRRA newspaper prior to the rodeo. Deadline of the newspaper being the fifteenth (15) of the month preceding the month of publication. This application should state the events, added prize money, entry fees, dates of rodeo, dates and times the books open and close, name of person in charge of entry books, name of committeemen, address and

phone number, location and name of rodeo and associations sanctioned with if co-approved.

2. CRRA standard events are: bareback riding, saddle bronc riding, bull riding, calf roping, steer wrestling, team roping, cowgirls barrel racing, and cowgirls break-away roping. All CRRA approved rodeos must hold at least two (2) riding events and two (2) timed events. These will be selected by the rodeo committee and rodeo stock contractor/producer. Men's all-around points can only be accumulated at rodeos which offer (6) standard events. Women's all-around points can only be accumulated at rodeos which offer both of the (2) women's events.

The stock contractor/producers are to be responsible for obtaining approval contracts from the rodeo committees and sending them to the CRRA office.
4. Having more than one rodeo at a particular arena within 30 days is restricted. The committee or contractor which turns in a sanction approval to the CRRA office first will have precedence.
5. The CRRA and its rodeo committees assumes no responsibility for injury or damage to the person, property or stock of any owner, or contestant. Each participant, by the act of paying their membership dues, waives all claims against the CRRA and rodeo committees for injuries they or their property may sustain. Any contestant under the age of eighteen (18) must have a release from parents or legal guardian on file in the CRRA office before entering a CRRA rodeo.
6. The rodeo committee shall furnish a paramedic or ambulance during the performance and slack.
7. Rodeo committees will not be charged a fee for approving their rodeo. However they are encouraged to add at least \$50.00 per event.

A sanction fee of five (5) percent of the gross prize money (entry fees & added money) shall be deducted by the rodeo secretary before the winning contestants are paid. This five (5)% along with the completed results, judges sheets, entry list, draw of positions and stock in all events and a list of members not paying entry fee (put on the CRRA no show form) are to be mailed to the CRRA office within five (5) working days of the last performance. Contestant's winnings shall be paid to them within five (5) working days from the date of the last rodeo performance. Co-approved rodeos; the sanction fee will be six (6)% of the gross prize money (entry fee & added money) shall be deducted by the rodeo secretary before the winning contestants are

paid. Triple approved rodeos, six (6)% will be deducted with two (2) % going to each association.

8. The CRRA will co-approve or triple approve with other associations providing the following rules are enforced:

- a. CRRA ground rules will be used at all CRRA 1st approved rodeos
- b. If it is a new rodeo, the committee will decide which association ground rules will be used
- c. If the rodeo was double or triple approved the preceding year, the committee will decide which association ground rules will be used
- d. At co-approved rodeos, using CRRA ground rules, the stock contractor/producer must be a member of the CRRA
- e. In order for a rodeo to be eligible for year end awards, that rodeo must be a CRRA first approval
- f. The CRRA Board of Directors recommends a \$70 entry fee for all events other than team roping at all CRRA rodeos. The recommended entry fee for team roping is \$80 per team. These recommendations can be adjusted for rodeos with added money over \$1000 per event

9. Stock charges will be permitted in all CRRA rodeo events.

10. The following will be withheld from the total entry fees in all events (per team in team roping):

\$15 Stock/Timer charge

\$ 3 Contestant Event Bonus

\$ 2 Stock contractor Bonus

\$ 1 Association Secretary

\$.50 Secretary at the rodeo(Certified Secretary Only)

\$.25 Judge #1 (Certified CRRA Judges Only)

\$.25 Judge #2 (Certified CRRA Judges Only)

\$ 3 Finals Fund (\$6 per team in team roping)

\$25 total --\$28 per team

After these amounts are withheld from total entry fee, a sanction fee will be withheld from the remainder plus added money.

11. The CRRA cannot be held responsible to its members, rodeo committees or stock contractor/producers, if money is stolen or misplaced at a sanctioned rodeo.

POSTPONEMENT OF RODEO

If any performance of a CRRA rodeo is canceled due to weather conditions, added money will be prorated to cover previous

performances and added to contestant's entry fees who have already competed and winners paid accordingly. All entrants who have not competed will have their entry fees refunded.

1. If a performance is postponed due to weather conditions, all entrants in that performance that have not competed will have the chance of their entry fee refunded , provided they do so that same date of the scheduled performance with the rodeo secretary. The contestant must take the option to draw out at that time. If the rodeo secretary is not notified, the contestants will be considered entered on the re-scheduled performance and will be held responsible for all entry fees.
2. If the performance is to be re-scheduled, it must be done within forty-eight (48) hours of the last scheduled performance. The decision of whether a rodeo will be canceled or postponed will be that of the rodeo committee and stock contractor/producer.
3. If a performance is canceled due to any circumstances and not re-scheduled within forty-eight hours of the last performance, the points will not count toward year end championship standing for the entire rodeo. Women's events: however women can earn all-around points in any of the 8 standard events to count for the women's all-around.
4. If stock has been drawn before the rodeo performance has been postponed and rescheduled, the stock will be redrawn in accordance with normal draw rules.
5. No rodeo performance can be re-scheduled with twelve (12) hours of another performance of said rodeo.
6. IN ALL ROUGH STOCK EVENTS if only one contestant makes a qualified ride, all money won will be counted for year-end points. All around points however can only be counted for what monies would have paid if all holes had been filled by qualified rides.

POINT STANDINGS & ALL-AROUND

1. CRRA rodeos must be advertised and promoted as championship rodeos.
2. CRRA members will receive one (1) point for every dollar won at CRRA approved rodeos. If the rodeo committee fails to add added money, points will count only on the payoff at the rodeo. If payoff is incorrect according to the CRRA rule book, points will be adjusted.

3. Men's all-around points can only be accumulated at rodeos which offer 6 standard events. **Women's Events:** Cowgirls may earn all-around points in any of the eight (8) standard events to count for the women's all-around.
4. All-around champions will be classified in two categories, cowboy and cowgirl. The All-around champion cowboy will be determined by the cowboy/cowgirl who earns the most amount of money in two or more events.
5. If a contestant wins money at any approved rodeo and has not purchased a card prior to competing at the rodeo, they will automatically forfeit those points.
6. Points awarded to any member will be totaled for the year to determine the champion cowboy or cowgirl in each of the contest events.
7. Team roping champions will be divided into two different categories. Champion Header and Champion Heeler.
8. All-around points can not be accumulated for both heading and heeling. Furthermore a contestant can not qualify for the CRRA finals in both heading and heeling.
9. If a team roper enters twice and places twice at a particular rodeo, he may only declare the highest placing toward the all around standings.
10. Year-end champions will be determined through the CRRA point system. The CRRA will hold a year-end finals rodeo and award ceremony.
11. The CRRA will be responsible for all awards to be presented to the champions of each of the events and the all-around champions.
12. Award winners must be a member in good standing, must call and enter the finals and compete in all performances (if physically able) and be present at the designated place of awards presentation in order to receive any awards, *unless otherwise approved by the board.*
13. Official ballots will be mailed to the top twenty (20) in the standings in each event, prior to the finals.
14. Pick-up men and bull-fighters will be voted on by the top twenty (20) in the BB, SB, BR, and Ranch SB.

15. If Bareback and Saddle Bronc contestants are allowed to enter twice only the highest marked score will be counted toward standings.
16. A permit card may be purchased by rough stock contestants for \$50. The remaining \$50 must be paid to complete total card purchase by July 1st of the rodeo year before points will continue to be counted throughout the remainder of the season.

ROOKIE ELIGIBILITY

A rookie will be classified as any first year member under the age of 21 as of January 1st of the calendar year. A member has until August 15th of the calendar year to declare they are a rookie. Any member wanting to challenge the status another member's rookie qualification has until September 15th of the calendar year to make the challenge by notifying the CRRA office in writing.

DRESS CODE

Each CRRA member will, "AT ALL TIMES", conduct themselves in a neat, clean, orderly and businesslike manner. All contestants, sleeves rolled down, tail tucked in), with a collar, western boots and western hat (no caps at any time). Exceptions being in the bareback and bull riding events. Riding arm sleeve may be rolled up while competing (may not be rolled up pasted the elbow). The bucking chutes, alleyway, and timed event boxes are considered part of the rodeo arena. All contestants must have a hat on when calling for livestock, hazer included. Barrel racers must have hat on head when entering and crossing score line at the beginning of their run or will be disqualified. If a barrel racer loses her hat before crossing the score line she will be fined \$50.00. All rules apply in slack.

ARENA SECRETARY DUTIES

1. The secretary for a CRRA rodeo must hold a current CRRA card.
2. When a CRRA member phones in an entry, it shall be accepted by the secretary, if a valid CRRA card number is given and entry fees will not be required to be paid until said member arrives at the rodeo.
 - a. Immediately upon arrival at the rodeo, member shall find the secretary and pay fees
 - b. No stock shall be competed on until entry fee is paid
 - c. A member who phones in an entry for any other person(s) must have card number of all entries
 - d. One (1) team in the team roping is defined as one (1) entry
 - e. All rodeo entries must be made by telephone

3. Any secretary accepting entries before the books officially open as advertised in the official CRRA publication will be subject to fine and/or suspension. It is required that the secretary be at the rodeo at least two (2) hours prior to the rodeo performance time.
4. If the rodeo secretary is caught mishandling prize money or entry fees or falsifying records in any way they will be disqualified from working all CRRA rodeos.
5. Secretary shall be responsible for the deduction and mailing of CRRA rodeo association fees before winning contestants are paid. Approval fee will be five (5) percent of the gross prize money (added money and entry fees totaled), double or triple approved rodeos for which the approval fee will be six (6) percent. Membership dues, fines, complete results including times and scores, judge sheets, entry list, draw of positions and stock in all events and a list of members not paying entry fees are required to be in the CRRA office within five (5) working days from the date of the last performance.
If a secretary is unable to obtain the address of a winning contestant or is unwilling to mail prize money to the contestant. The money should be mailed to the CRRA office within five (5) working days of the date of the last performance or be subject to fine.
6. Secretary shall post a designated time for drawing of stock. All stock is to be drawn from a round container by at least one (1) judge. Drawing must be done at the rodeo. Any contestant may witness the drawing, if desired.
7. The results of the draw are to be posted at least one (1) hour prior to performance.
8. Performance positions and stock must be drawn in the timed events. The performance position may be drawn by the rodeo secretary and one (1) other person and posted in the order they are drawn, showing correct position, starting with number one (1) in numerical order on posting sheet. The rodeo secretary shall post the draw one (1) hour prior to the performance with draw along with any previous scores and times.
9. The rodeo secretary must use a posting board to post the entire list of entries for all performances and slack of the rodeo. The entries and draw must also be posted and in a location visible to all contestants. (No clipboards) Livestock drawing must be added to the list of contestants as the rodeo progresses.

10. In timed events – cattle will be drawn & posted for performance only. The run on the cattle must be completed before the re-runs on the cattle are drawn & posted.
11. When designated slack in run in timed events, the secretary must draw positions for this slack. At a two (2) performance rodeo, a minimum of eight (8) per performance, per event must be accepted to fill a paid performance. If three (3) or more performances are scheduled, a minimum of eight (8) entries per performance, per event must be accepted to fill a paid performance.
12. At rodeos where positions are to be drawn for, it must be advertised in at least one (1) issue of the official CRRA newspaper and the drawing must be done at least seventy-two (72) hours prior to the first scheduled performance. Slack cannot be run before 8:00 am in the morning.
13. All non-card holders will have to purchase a ten(\$10) permit. No points will be counted for permit holders. Money will be sent to CRRA office.
14. The entry of three (3) or more members shall constitute a contest. EXCEPTION; saddle bronc riding, two (2) or more entries shall constitute a contest. If an event is canceled, it must be approved by the rodeo committee and stock contractor/producer. Added money will be returned to the rodeo committee sponsor. In team roping, the entry of four (4) or more teams shall constitute a contest.
15. The following will be withheld from the total entry fees in all events (per team in team roping):
 - \$15 Stock/Timer charge
 - \$ 3 Contestant Event Bonus
 - \$ 2 Stock contractor Bonus
 - \$ 1 Association Secretary
 - \$.50 Secretary at the rodeo(*Certified CRRA Secretary Only*) *As of September 2009*
 - \$.25 Judge #1 (Certified CRRA Judges Only)
 - \$.25 Judge #2 (Certified CRRA Judges Only)
 - \$ 3 Finals Fund (\$6 per team in team roping)

\$25 total --\$28 per team
16. All riding event stock must be drawn each performance and the results of drawing be posted at least one (1) hour prior to performance.
17. In the riding events, two (2) re-ride animals must be drawn for each performance and posted at that time. Secretaries will post a

- copy of the judge's sheets of the previous performance or performances with the draw at least one (1) hour before the rodeo performance.
18. Secretary will provide one judge with a list of contestants with draw for the performance prior to start time.
 19. Contestants pay one (1) dollar along with entry fee to be divided as follows:
 - a. \$.50 to rodeo certified secretary
 - b. \$.25 to certified CRRA judge
 - c. \$.25 to certified CRRA judge
 - d. If a judge is not a certified judge his \$.25 per contestant goes to the CRRA, TR the judges will get \$.25 per team
 20. Secretaries will also post the measurements of the barrel pattern, the score line length in the calf roping, steer wrestling and team roping at least one (1) hour before the rodeo performance.
 21. Any animal in the riding events that is drawn, but entry fee is not paid, automatically goes into the re-ride pen for drawing of re-rides. If the entry fee is paid on the animal and it is turned out by contestant, the animals paid for, but not competed on may be used also. Animal drawn before the performance will be the first re-ride.
 22. In timed events, all persons entered will be drawn a head of livestock.
 23. After books close, there shall be no drawing out. (Exception: Postponement of rodeo rule).
 24. Secretaries are responsible for obtaining an entrant's CRRA card number and hometown when an entry is called in. They also require all contestants to show a paid, current CRRA membership card. Failure to do so will result in a fine being placed on the secretary of twenty (\$20.00) dollars per rodeo.
 25. Secretaries are to check and reject any person who is currently on the suspended list, unless fines are paid to secretary before competing on stock. Secretaries are to call to the attention of the judges any person or persons who obtain entry through falsification and such person shall be drawn out, or if they have already competed, will be disqualified with entry fees and prize money forfeited.
 26. Secretaries will not conduct business during the National Anthem and Invocation.

27. Secretaries must have stock information or records available for the announcer.
28. Immediately after the completion of the rodeo, the secretary will make payment to the winning contestants.
29. Secretary must post ground rules for all non-sanction events.
30. *It is suggested that rodeo secretaries use uniform size poker chips for all drawing of livestock.*
31. Membership cards can be bought through the CRRA office. Cards may also be bought from the rodeo secretary at the rodeo. Applications and money must be sent to CRRA office with all paperwork from that rodeo.
32. CRRA Inc. forms should be used for all CRRA Rodeos.
The board voted to uphold the rule that a rodeo could not be sanctioned unless it is advertised in a least one issue of the CRRA publication. Website does not count, only a mail out can be done.

PAY-OFF

In tie down roping, steer wrestling and breakaway the pay-off will be as follows:

1- 5 entries pay 1 place	
6-10 entries pay 2 places	60%-40%
11-17 entries pay 3 places	50%-30%-20%
18-25 entries pay 4 places	40%-30%-20%-10%
26-32 entries pay 5 places	34%-27%-20%-13%-6%
33-40 entries pay 6 places	29%-24%-19%-14%-9%-5%
41 & over pay 8 places	24%-19%-16%-13%-10%-8%-6%-4%

In cowgirl barrel race, and bull riding the pay-off will be as follows:

Less than \$200 in pot 1 money:
100%

\$201 to \$300 in pot 2 monies:
60%-40%

\$301 to \$650 in pot 3 monies:
50%-30%-20%

\$651 to \$1200 in pot 4 monies:
40%-30%-20%-10%

\$1201 to \$3000 in pot 6 monies:
29%-24%-19%-14%-9%-5%

\$3001 in pot 8 monies:
24%-19%-16%-13%-10%-8%-6%-4%

Bareback riding, saddle bronc riding, and ranch saddle bronc will be paid as follows:

2-3 entries pays (1) place 100%

4-5 entries pay (2) places 60%-40%

6-9 entries pay (3) places 50%-30%-20%

10-17 entries pay (4) places 40%-30%-20%-10%

18-22 entries pay (5) places 34%-27%-20%-13%-6%

(23) or more entries pay (6) 29%-24%-19%-14%-9%-5%

In team roping pay-off (per team) will be:

Less than \$600 in pot 1 money	100%
\$601 to \$1200 in pot 2 monies	60%-40%
\$1201 to \$2000 in pot 3 monies	50%-30%-20%
\$2001 to \$4000 in pot 4 monies	40%-30%-20%-10%
\$4001 to \$10,000 in pot 6 monies	29%-24%-19%-14%-9%-5%
\$10,001 in pot 8 monies	24%-19%-16%-13%-10%-8%-6%-4%

1. A contestant can compete on the second head of stock drawn for him, if total fees are paid.
2. In BB, SB, Ranch SB and BR, if no qualified rides are made all added money which would be paid out to contestants will be added to the event finals bonus fund for that event.
3. In timed events if no qualified times are made all money not related to normal deductions will be added to that events finals bonus fund.
4. The CRRA recommends that all added money be equally divided among each of the standard events presented.
5. IN ALL ROUGH STOCK EVENTS if only one contestant makes a qualified ride, all money won will be counted for year-end points. All around points however can only be counted for what monies would have paid if all holes had been filled by qualified rides.
6. If a rodeo secretary pays off in check form, he/she is required to cash the check upon contestant's request. Failure to do so will result in a fine.
7. Should the difference of number of contestants entered and the number of contestants paid up, force a pay off to another pay schedule, the pay off will be made according to the number of contestants paid up. All other monies collected from entrants not showing up to compete will be placed in the CRRA Finals fund account and used for the Finals.

ENTRIES

1. Each contestant is responsible for their entry. Contestant arriving late at a rodeo and misses their turn or position that was drawn for them will not be able to compete. "I DID NOT KNOW I WAS ENTERED IS NOT AN EXCUSE".
2. The rodeo committee or stock contractor/producer is to furnish a telephone listed as rodeo headquarters. The phone number shall be published in at least one (1) issue of the official CRRRA newspaper prior to the rodeo. All rodeo entries must be made by telephone.
3. No entry shall be taken before the books are officially open. The books must close no later than twenty-four (24) hours prior to the first performance. Books shall be open a minimum of five (5) hours for rodeos adding \$250.00 or less. Rodeos adding \$251.00 or more per event books are to be open a minimum of seven (7) hours. The time for which the books are open will be published in at least one (1) issue of the official CRRRA news publication prior to the rodeo. It is recommended that the 1st 2 hours be for *rough stock* & the last 4 hours for *timed events*.
4. There shall be no limit to the number of entries to cardholders. Cardholders will have priority over other entries.
5. The committee and/or stock contractor/producer may retain the privilege of filling all paid performances before accepting any after performance slack entries. Committee or stock contractor/producer may use their own discretion as to when slack entries will be run.
6. When designated slack is run in timed events, the secretary must draw positions for this slack. At a two (2) performance rodeos, a minimum of eight (8) per performance, per event must be accepted to fill a paid performance. If three (3) or more performances are scheduled, a minimum of eight (8) entries per performance, per event must be accepted to fill a paid performance.
7. All non-card holders will have to purchase a ten (\$10.00) dollar permit along with entry fee. No points will be counted for permit holders. Money for permits goes to the CRRRA office.
8. Secretary will turn in a list of names and addresses of permits sold for each performance, along with their results.
9. All contestants who pay entry fees at outdoor rodeos shall be entitled to two (2) passes. One (1) for themselves and (1) other guest at the performance they are entered. At indoor winter rodeos wishing to charge gate fees to contestants the producer must

- request approval from the executive board. If contestants will be asked to pay at the gate, it must be posted in the rodeo listing.
10. When back numbers are furnished to contestants, they must be worn at all times during that performance, **ON THE BACK OF CONTESTANT'S SHIRT, VEST, OR JACKET. No back numbers on saddle pads.**
 11. The entry of *three* (3) or more members shall constitute a contest. **EXCEPTION:** bareback bronc, saddle bronc riding, ranch saddle bronc, *two* (2) or more entries shall constitute a contest. If an event is canceled, it must be approved by the rodeo committee and stock contractor/producer. Added money will be returned to the rodeo committee sponsor. In team roping, the entry of *three* (3) or more teams shall constitute a contest.
 12. If a member competes in one (1) go-round and is injured, his entry fee will not be refunded.
 13. Any member who is caught entering bogus contestants at a rodeo will be fined \$500.00, be disqualified from that rodeo, and must appear before the CRRA Board Of Directors.
 14. If a rodeo secretary takes entries after the books close and position draws are completed, an optional charge of \$25.00 may be charged to that contestant. \$10.00 goes to the secretary, \$10.00 to the stock contractor, \$5.00 to the CRRA Office.

DRAWING OF LIVESTOCK

1. At least one (1) judge must be present during drawing of all livestock. Stock draw will be posted not less than one (1) hour prior to performance time.
2. If any member requests the time and place of the livestock drawing, the rodeo secretary must comply, so they may witness drawing, if desired. All stock must be drawn at rodeo.
3. A minimum of three (3) copies of the draw must be made. One (1) for the rodeo secretary, one (1) for posting and one (1) for judge to carry. An additional copy can be requested by the arena director.
4. All stock must have legible fire brand or ear tag for identification purposes.
5. Stock pen can be set by the stock contractor/producer and he must present a list to secretary and judges.

6. Stock contractor/producer must designate feature animals before draw. Only three (3) animals may be designated in each riding event.

JUDGES AND REQUIREMENTS

1. Judges can only be designated as certified if the Cowboy Board of Directors takes action to approve the judge as certified. Minimum pay per performance for judges will be (\$125.00) dollars. To judge a CRRA rodeo and receive the \$.25 cents per paid entry, and to be eligible to judge the CRRA Finals, a judge must be certified.
2. Judges decisions are final, if in accordance with the CRRA rule book. In all cases of contest, the rodeo performance will continue without delay under existing rules of the CRRA and the matter of contest or rule protest will be directed to the judges immediately. The contestant will tell the judge that they protest and the matter will be discussed at the judge's convenience. The decision of the judges will be final. If any member does contest a decision, they should process the complaint in letter form and mail to the CRRA office within four (4) working days of the last performance of the rodeo. If any member does contest a decision excessively during the rodeo, an automatic fine of one hundred (\$100.00) dollars will be levied at the discretion of the judge, unless contest is ruled, by the Cowboy Board of Directors, in favor of the member. Member may appear before the Board of Directors to appeal. If the judges decision is wrong, it is an automatic one hundred (\$100.00) dollar fine for the judge.
3. Contestants shall be privileged to look at the records of each event in which they are entered at any time convenient for the secretary and judges.
4. The CRRA office will have a separate file kept on each complaint turned in. When a judge has three (3) separate complaints turned in writing the Cowboy Board of Directors will review each complaint, (1) at a time and must approve all three (3) complaints before the judge is suspended. Complaints are for (1) rodeo season. The Cowboy Board of Directors recommends that the judge attend the board meeting when the review is made.
5. In rough stock events, judges markings are from (1) to twenty five (25) on rider and one (1) to twenty five (25) on the animal, making a possible fifty (50) points from each judges' side, thus making the highest possible score one hundred (100) points. The rider and animal shall be marked separately. Marking the rider and animal according to their performance. It is recommended that all CRRA judges use a higher point spread to increase the scores of riders and

- be able to place the winners at their correct positions. Judges may change their marking not more than three (3) points before sheets are turned in to the rodeo secretary, after each event. At that time, the results will become final.
6. If in the opinion of the judges, a rider makes three (3) honest efforts to get out on a chute fighting animal and is unable to do so, he shall have a re-ride drawn for him.
 7. All stock contractor/producers will furnish judges' vests. Judges are responsible for the care and maintenance of the vest while in their possession.
 8. Anytime a contestant is fouled in any riding event, he must declare himself immediately. Anytime a timed event contestant is fouled, the contestant must declare immediately or take time.
 9. In all events, all equipment, which is used by the contestants is their responsibility and therefore will not be a re-ride or re-run given because of faulty equipment. Borrowed equipment is accepted as contestant's own.
 10. All timed event stock must be marked with a legible number, fire brand or ear tagged. No sale barn tags allowed or painted numbers. Fine for the first (1st) offense \$25.00, second (2nd) offense \$100.00, third (3rd) offense stock contractor/producer must appear before the Cowboy Board of Directors.
 11. Judges are to draw two (2) re-ride animals in each riding event, from the herd, before each performance. Any animal that is turned out may be added to the re-ride pen. All re-rides will be drawn by the judges, at the same time. The two (2) re-ride will be posted before each performance. In the timed events, the judges are to draw re-run cattle from the left over herd or, if the draw is even, from the entire herd. If an animal is crippled, he is to be replaced by an animal from the re-run pen. Each run on cattle will be competed on before the next run of cattle is drawn.
 12. Judges will award re-rides at their own discretion. The rider will have the option to take the re-ride or the score received from the judges. The contestant shall not ask for a re-ride. Judge must announce a re-ride or re-run is in order to the rodeo secretary before the next contestant competes. This is mandatory. In the event a 4th re-ride option is given the contestant will be allowed to ask for entry fee to be returned rather than competing on another animal.
 13. Judges will be responsible for measuring, setting barrel stakes, and providing that information back to the rodeo secretary.

14. Judges should re-measure barriers 30 minutes before the start of each performance to determine that the score length has not been tampered with.
15. If any judge or judges refuse to use timers, when available, they will be fined fifty (\$50.00) dollars. This rule will be waived in cases of timer or electronic malfunctions only. Barrels should be measured prior to each performance, with tape. Dimensions must be recorded with the rodeo secretary prior to the first (1st) performance. Timer eye and position of flagman will also be marked.
16. Judges will be responsible for putting up and measuring timed event barriers, setting a score line and recording measurements with the secretary. CRRRA judges will carry sufficient barrier equipment for complete set up and to make repairs, if needed. They will also carry field flags and stop watches.
17. Both judges should be with the rodeo secretary during payoff. This is at the secretaries' discretion.
18. It is the responsibility of the judges to examine stock in each event prior to drawing stock to inspect numbers on stock and determine that all animals are healthy enough for competition.
19. All livestock will be drawn by the official judges at the rodeo.
20. In any event a judge is changed during the performance, the remainder of the rodeo will be paid off separately. Added money will be pro-rated. This includes all events, exception is timed events, unless the judge was flagging the timed events.
21. The line judge will be expected to have contestant sheets with draw listed and be responsible for contestant competing on the correct animal they have drawn. The secretary will provide judge with a list of contestants with draw listed.
22. Secretary shall post a designated time for drawing of stock. All stock is to be drawn from a round container by at least one (1) judge. Drawing must be done at the rodeo. Any contestant may witness the drawing, if desired.
23. If a qualified ride is made by a contestant and the animal is marked by either judge at sixteen (16) or under, then contestant shall have the option of a rered.

SETTING OF AUTOMATIC BARRIER & SCORE LINE

1. Once a barrier has been set, it will not be changed during that go-round nor will the chute or barrier be changed in any manner. In the calf roping, steer wrestling and team roping the barrier will not

be less than six (6) feet unless approved by the event director.
DEFINITION: Length of box is the distance from the pin straight back to the middle of the box.

2. Calf Roping – The barrier shall not exceed the length of the roping box minus *four* (4) feet, but not to exceed a maximum of fifteen (15) feet.
3. Steer Wrestling – The barrier shall not exceed the length of the dogging box minus eight (8) feet, but not to exceed a maximum of twelve (12) feet.
4. Team Roping – The barrier shall not exceed the length of the roping box minus three (3) feet, but not to exceed a maximum of eighteen (18) feet.
5. Arena conditions, length, and timed event cattle should be taken into consideration when setting barriers. Event directors should be consulted for altered barrier length.
6. Automatic barriers must be used. Jerk line and barrier equipment used in individual events cannot be used in any other event.
7. If the barrier is broken at any other place than the designated point, the barrier will not be considered broken.
8. The barrier will not be considered broken unless ring falls within eight (8) feet of the post. The line judge must *check the distance and pick up the ring* to determine if there is a ten (10) second penalty added on to the time of the run. If the judge does not pick up the ring and there is a question in his mind on the distance of eight (8) feet, there will not be a ten (10) second penalty assessed to the run. Judge will carry a tape measure to be certain.
8. a). Barrier will be 32 - 36 inches from the ground at the pin and also at the pulley.
8. b). Judge may have the option of standing on the right or the left side of the chute as long as a liner is positioned in the same location for the entire rodeo.
9. No metal may be used on the jerk line and neck rope extending beyond the front of the chute. Barrier and jerk line must be tied with string only.
10. Time flag must be put on the jerk line and be at least 10" X 10", either white or red in color. Barrier equipment must be inspected

by the judge before each contestant competes and replaced, if faulty. Barrier must be placed around animal's neck.

11. There shall be two (2) timekeepers, a score line judge (standing on the score line), a field judge and a qualified person to tie head rope from the chute and as many other officials as necessary.

TIMEKEEPERS

1. There will be two (2) timekeepers at every performance of a CRRA approved rodeo. Timers shall not be changed except through injury or emergency. In the event a timer must be changed, it will be with the approval of judges, stock contractor/producer and committee chairman. Rodeo secretary may act as one (1) timekeeper, but is not required to do so. It is suggested that two (2) timekeepers other than the rodeo secretary be hired. A timekeeper must hold a CRRA card. They must be competent and approved by the rodeo committee and stock contractor/producer and know when to start and stop the timer according to CRRA rules. Timekeepers will be required to back up girl's barrel racing with stop watches and record time in tenths. Back-up times will be averaged by time keepers for official time.
2. A (30) thirty second time limit will be in affect in all timed events. The time keeper will blow whistle at the 30 second time limit.
3. Times will be kept in tenths in all timed events with the exception of barrel racing which will be kept in thousandths using automatic timers. If automatic timers fail in barrel racing, time will be kept in tenths.
4. How to record times. TD 6.1, SW 4.7, TR 6.0, Bkaway 2.3 and CBR 16.402 (or what ever the read out shows. Back-up times in the CBR will be recorded in tenths, 16.4).
5. In all rough stock events, the time will start when both shoulders of the animal have crossed the plane of the chute.
6. In roping or steer wrestling, the time will be started as the neck rope breaks off the animals neck.
7. A head timer will be used for primary timing. Only if a mistake is made by the head timer will the backup time be used.
8. In timed events when a barrier is used, penalties incurred during the original run will be added to the re-run. Contestant will get stock lap and tap. If there are no penalties, contestant will run over from behind the barrier. *(Lap & Tap-Starting the time when the line judge drops the flag if he chooses or when chute gate opens. If an animal escapes the arena after the animal has been roped, the contestant's rope will be placed on the animal while the animal*

is in the chute. If the contestant received a penalty, such as a broken barrier during the initial run, the penalty will be added to the total time.)

STOCK CONTRACTOR/PRODUCER

Requirements and procedures for new stock contractor/producers joining the CRRA as set forth by the CRRA Cowboy Board of Directors:

Beginning in 2011 a stock contractor must produce at least one CRRA ground rule in their first year rodeo in order to qualify for finals bonus money and bring stock to finals if chosen. In the contractor's second year the contractor must produce two CRRA ground rule rodeos in order to qualify for bonus money and bring stock to the finals if chosen. In the contractor's third year, the contractor must produce three CRRA ground rule rodeos in order to qualify for bonus money and bring stock to the finals if chosen. A rodeo must add at least \$100 per event to be considered a rodeo and must offer 6 standard men's events and 2 standard women's events.

If a stock contractor fails to fulfill obligations for the number of approved rodeos for the rodeo season to bring stock to the finals, that contractor must pick up where they left off on the number of rodeos to be eligible to bring stock to the finals. Also: the next year a membership card is purchased that contractor must purchase a new contractor card.

A new stock contractor must bring at least one first approved CRRA rodeo. Must show ownership or control of: 10 horses and 10 bulls. A new stock contractor will be reviewed by the CRRA Reviewing Board. A cost of \$100.00 will be charged for a new CRRA Stock Contractor. This rule does not include approved winter jackpots.

CONTRACT ACTS

1. All persons must obtain a current CRRA card to perform. This includes clowns, bullfighters, barrel man, announcers, judges, pick-up men, hazer's, and specialty acts.
2. Persons presenting contract acts at CRRA rodeos shall be subject to CRRA rules regarding conduct and arena rules.
3. All persons performing contract acts will perform their duties as a CRRA member and can only cancel for reasons of emergency. If a person does cancel, they will be subject to disciplinary action by the Cowboy Board of Directors.
4. Contract Act of the year will be voted and selected by the top 20.

5. A minimum of two bullfighters will be hired by the stock contractor/producer for each rodeo performance, slack, or sanctioned bull riding.
6. It is recommended but not required that each bullfighters pay be no less than \$125 per performance.

TURN-OUT RULE

1. If a contestant turns out at a CRRA rodeo without a vet (CBR only) or doctor release – their entry fees must be sent to the CRRA office within (4) working days of the last performance.
2. For each rodeo year you are allowed only 3 turn-outs, vet release (CBR only) or doctor release. Contestant is responsible for all entry fees.
3. All turn-out releases must be in the CRRA office within four (4) working days of the last performance of the rodeo.
4. When a contestant Doctor releases out of a rodeo, they cannot enter another rodeo for ten (10) days. In cowgirls barrel racing only, contestant can vet release out, but must have a ten (10) day waiting period before competing in another rodeo on the horse that she has turned out on.
5. All fines will be paid through the CRRA office. All members must pay fines prior to competing in the next rodeo.
6. If a CRRA member fails to appear after entering and does not draw out before the books close, they will be responsible for their entry fees.

FINE CHART

1. All rules broken, that do not fall under a set fine on the fine chart will be determined by the CRRA Cowboy Board of Directors. CRRA members that contest fines levied by the office may have a hearing by paying fine then requesting the appeal be heard by the Cowboy Board of Directors.
2. The CRRA office will have a separate file kept on each complaint turned in and when a judge has three (3) separate complaints, the board will review each complaint, one (1) at a time and must approve all three (3) complaints before the judge is suspended. The complaints must be turned in within four (4) working days after the last performance of the rodeo and will be compiled for one (1) rodeo season only.

3. If needed or asked by the stock contractor/producer or rodeo committee to do so, CRRA members should participate in the grand entry.
4. A suspended list will be maintained by the CRRA office. An updated list will be provided to rodeo secretaries. Co-approval suspended list will be honored.
5. Fines are as follows:
 - a. Failure of contestant to show up, entry fee, and twenty-five (\$25.00) dollars
 - b. Stock contractor/producers failure to tip horns of bulls and steers, twenty-five (\$25.00) per animal
 - c. Tail man or push man for calves and steers caught pulling barrier, five hundred (\$500.00) dollars (Contestant is disqualified)
 - d. Secretary for failure to send required materials and contestant winnings not directly mailed or given at rodeo, to CRRA office within five (5) working days after the last performance of the rodeo, fifty (\$50.00) dollars plus \$10.00 per day thereafter
 - e. Fighting, up to five hundred (\$500.00) dollars and automatic suspension, appear before the Cowboy Board of Directors
 - f. Misconduct in the arena, one hundred (\$100.00) dollars
 - g. Bribing judge, five hundred (\$500.00) dollars, automatic suspension, appear before the Cowboy Board of Directors
 - h. Cheating, five hundred (\$500.00) dollars, automatic suspension, appear before the Cowboy Board of Directors
 - i. Excessive profane language, one hundred (\$100.00) dollars
 - j. Deliberate abuse of animals, one hundred (\$100.00) dollars not to exceed five hundred (\$500.00)
 - k. Alcohol or illegal drugs in arena during performance, one hundred (\$100.00) dollars
 - l. Failure to pay motel/hotel bill, one hundred (\$100.00) dollars + bill and/or damages
 - m. Failure to compete in proper attire, then (\$10.00) dollars, automatic disqualification
 - n. Stock contractor/producers and rodeo committee failure to pay added money, one hundred (\$100.00) dollars + added money advertised
 - o. Stock contractor/producers and rodeo committee failure to produce the rodeo according to CRRA rule book, appear before Cowboy Board of Directors
 - p. Bareback rider hanging up excessively, fifty (\$50.00) dollars

- q. Stock contractor/producer not having timed event cattle marked with a legible number, fire brad or ear tag, twenty-five (\$25.00) dollars per animal
- r. Refusal of judge to use automatic timers, fifty (\$50.00) dollars per performance
- s. Failure of stock contractor/producer to tip or eliminate timed event cattle that cannot clear chute, twenty-five (\$25.00) dollars per animal
- t. Intentional dragging of calf, one hundred (\$100.00) dollars
- u. Barrel racer working horse on stakes, twenty-five (\$25.00) dollars
- v. Judge for failure to inspect contestant competing on correct draw, twenty-five (\$25.00) dollars
- w. Stock contractor reusing cattle that have been eliminated from the draw at previous rodeos, one hundred (\$100.00) dollars
- x. Stock contractor not having timed event cattle marked with a legible number, fire brad or ear tag twenty-five (\$25.00) dollars per animal
- y. Failure of stock contractor to tip horns on steers that cannot clear the chute twenty-five (\$25.00) dollars per animal
- z. Stock contractor using tie-down or breakaway calves in calf scramble or other events one hundred (\$100.00) dollars
- aa. Stock contractor for not using rulebook standards and specifications on tie-down and breakaway calves, twenty-five (\$25.00) dollars per animal
- bb. The judge fails to examine stock in each event prior to drawing stock to inspect numbers on stock and determine that all animals are healthy enough for competition, twenty-five (\$25.00) dollars per animal

BAREBACK RIDING

1. One hand rigging is to be used in bareback riding. Rider may use their own rigging, if rigging is not over ten (10) inches in width at handhold and not over six (6) inches at the "D" ring or a flank.
2. Only leather or rawhide will be allowed for handhold. Flathead rivets or T-nut and screw will be allowed to secure handhold. Only other metal allowed will be in the "D" ring.
3. Rider may have single layer of sheepskin or leather under the handhold, not to be skived and either one shall be glued down. Pieces of leather stacked by the over bar on the handhold will be considered wedges and constitute an automatic disqualification by the judges

4. Rigging will use a standard “D ring to be set flat on a horse’s back when cinched. Deep set or teardrop “D” rings will not be allowed. Latigos cannot be blocked in the “D “ ring in any manner.
5. A leather covered pad must be on the entire underside of the bareback rigging next to the animal. If a hair pad is used, it must be at least one (1) inch thick and if a foam pad, it must be at least one and one quarter (1 ¼) inches thick. Pad must not exceed a twenty-two (22) inch square standard pad. In addition to the pad, a piece of leather a minimum of one-eighth (1/8) inch thick and four (4) inches by six (6) inches must be glued or sewn to the pad and centered in comparison to the total body length of the rigging. This piece of leather shall be placed so that one-half (1/2) of the leather patch is extended behind the rigging and the remaining two (2) inches are under the rigging. All pads must be extended a full two (2) inches from the back of the rigging.
6. Rigging must lay flat on horse’s back while being cinched. Stock contractor/producer may call upon judge to pass on whether rigging is being set and cinched in a way that might hurt the horse’s back. Stock contractor/producer will also have the right to furnish pads, if contestant’s pad does not meet the requirements in rule 5.
7. Cinches on bareback riggings shall be made of mohair and be at least eight (8) inches in width at the center, but may be tapered to accommodate cinch “D” ring.
8. There will be no other adhesive material other than dry rosin used on rigging or rider’s glove. Benzoin may be used on either.
9. Gloves will be plain with no flaps, rolls, wedges, or gimmicks. A palm piece may be used in glove, which will be one (1) inch wide and three (3) inches long and will be glued in glove. Rider may not take any kind of finger tuck or finger wrap. Violators shall be disqualified and may also be subject to a fine.
10. Horses will be ridden eight (8) seconds. Time will start when both shoulders of the horse cross the plane of the chute.
11. Rider may be fined for hanging up excessively.
12. Contestant’s spur shank must be above the break of the horse’s shoulder and in contact with the horse when the horse’s front feet touch the ground the first time out of the chute.
13. Rider will be automatically given a re-ride option if the flank strap breaks or comes off, but only if a qualified ride is made.
14. The judge will decide if a horse is properly cinched and/or flanked.

15. Horses are not to be hot-shot until completely out of the chute, unless requested by the rider.
16. Rider must tell one (1) judge and flank man, if he does not want his draw touched with the hot-shot.
17. If a pick-up man makes contact with the bucking horse before the whistle, it is the discretion of the judge, if a re-ride is given.
18. All re-rides given by the judges will come from the re-ride pen. This includes flank coming off, fouled at the gate or does not buck sufficiently in judge's opinions. No rider can ask a judge for a re-ride. Re-rides must be announced to the rodeo secretary before the next contestant performs.
19. Contestant may be offered an option for a re-ride or take score given. Decision must be made immediately to accept or decline.
20. If an animal fails to buck or falls three (3) consecutive times during a rodeo season, he is subject to be taken out of the draw. This is to be decided between the event director and stock contractor/producer. If an agreement cannot be reached, subject is to be brought before the Cowboy Board of Directors for action.
21. All re-rides will be drawn by at least one (1) judge. Re-ride animals will not be selected or appointed by the stock contractor/producer or secretary.
22. In all cases, judge's decision on re-rides will be final. No objections will be allowed. Any contestant failing to comply with this rule will be disqualified and subject to a fine or suspension.
23. Judges shall award re-rides at their own discretion. One (1) judge's decision will be final.
24. When a judge awards a re-ride, it must be announced to the rodeo secretary before the next contestant competes.
25. Contestant must make a qualified ride, if stock contractor/producer's equipment breaks, to receive a re-ride.
26. If horse falls on its back, side or belly, a re-ride will be given.
27. No re-ride will be given due to default or breaking of contestant's equipment. Borrowed equipment is accepted as contestant's own.
28. In the bareback & saddle bronc if allowed to enter twice, points count only on highest marked ride.

BAREBACK DISQUALIFICATIONS

1. Riding with rowels, in the opinion of the judges, that are too sharp
2. Locked rowels or rowels that will lock

3. Being bucked off
4. Assisting himself with free arm or hand by touching animal, fence, person, self, or grabbing hat with free hand
5. Failing to mark animal out of the chute
6. Use of illegal equipment
7. Rigging comes off horse with or without breaking
8. Not being ready to compete after being advised by the judge or arena director they are the next rider
9. Arguing with the judge during the performance
10. Once hand is in the rigging, pulling rigging tighter

SADDLE BRONC RIDING

1. Riding to be done with plain halter, one (1) rein and saddle. Standard halter and "Association" committee saddle must be used. Rider to furnish his own equipment.
2. Riding rein and hand must be on the same side. Horses are to be saddled in the chute. Rider may cinch his own saddle or examine same to determine if satisfactory. Buck rein must be attached to halter.
3. Horses are to be ridden eight (8) seconds. Time will start when both shoulders of the horse cross the plane of the chute.
4. Contestant's spur shank must be above the break of the horse's shoulder and in contact with the horse when the horse's front feet touch the ground the first time out of the chute.
5. Contestant will have the right to call on the judges to pass on whether or not the horse is properly flanked and saddled to buck its best. Middle flank belongs to the contestant.
6. Contestants may use dry rosin on saddle and chaps only.
7. Horses are not to be hot-shotted until turned completely out of the chute, unless requested by the rider.
8. Rider must tell one (1) judge and flank man, if he does not want his draw touched with the hot-shot.
9. Rider may be given a re-ride, if the flank strap comes off or breaks. The decision of a re-ride will be made by the judges. A re-ride will be given only, if a qualified ride is made.
10. If a pick-up man makes contact with a bucking animal before whistle, it is the judge's discretion, if a re-ride is to be given.
11. The judge will decide, if the horse was properly cinched or flanked.

12. All re-rides given by the judges will come from the re-ride pen. This includes flank strap coming off, fouled at the gate or do not buck sufficiently in judge's opinion. No rider can ask a judge for a re-ride. Re-rides must be announced to the rodeo secretary before the next contestant performs.
13. Contestant may be offered an option for re-ride or take score given. Decision must be made immediately to accept or decline.
14. If an animal fails to buck or falls three (3) consecutive times during a rodeo season, he is subject to being taken out of the draw. This is to be decided between the event director and stock contractor/producer. If an agreement cannot be reached, subject is to be brought before the Cowboy Board of Directors for action.
15. If a horse stalls coming out of the chute, either judge may tell the rider to take his feet out of the horse's neck and spur the horse. First jump qualifications will then be waived. Judge's discretion to be used.
16. Contestant will be required to compete on livestock drawn for them by the judge whether animal is considered a good or bad draw.
17. All re-rides will be drawn by at least one (1) judge. Re-ride animals will not be selected or appointed by stock contractor/producer or secretary.
18. In all cases, judges' decision on re-rides will be final. Contesting of decision will not be allowed. Any rider failing to comply with this rule will be disqualified and subject to a fine and/or suspension.
19. Judges shall award re-rides at their own discretion, one (1) judge's decision will be final.
20. When a judge awards a re-ride, it must be announced to rodeo secretary before the next contestant competes.
21. If horse falls on back, side, or belly a re-ride will be given.
22. Contestant must make a qualified ride, if stock contractor/producer's equipment breaks, to receive a re-ride.
23. The saddle will be an association committee saddle, but contestants are permitted to use their own saddle, if it follows these specifications:
 - a. Rigging – Three quarter (3/4) double front edge must be directly below or in front of center of swells. Dee must be used and cannot exceed five and three-quarter (5 ³/₄) inches outside width measurement.

- b. Swell undercut – Not more than two (2) inches, one (1) inch on each side.
- c. Gullet – Not less than four (4) inches wide at center front of covered saddle.
- d. Tree – Saddle must be built on a standard tree.
Specifications are:
 - 1) Fork – 14 inches wide
 - 2) Height – 9 inches maximum
 - 3) Gullet – 5 ¾ inches maximum height
 - 4) Cantle – 5 inches maximum height – 14 inches maximum width
 - 5) Stirrup – Leathers must be hung over bars
 - 6) Saddles – Should conform to the above measurements with a reasonable added thickness for leather covering.
 - 7) NO FREAKS ALLOWED

SADDLE BRONC DISQUALIFICATIONS

1. Being bucked off
2. Changing hands on rein
3. Pulling leather
4. Losing stirrup
5. Riding with locked rowels
6. Riding with rowels that will lock
7. Assisting himself with free arm or hand by touching animal, fence, self or grabbing hat with free hand
8. Failing to mark the horse out
9. Using illegal equipment
10. Not being ready to compete after being advised by the judge or arena director they are the next rider
11. Running or putting finger through rein
12. Using any adhesive substance other than dry rosin
13. Any foreign substance used will result in an automatic disqualification. Judge does not have to tell contestant.

RANCH SADDLE BRONC RIDING

1. Saddles will be stock saddles with no alterations or stirrup bands.
2. Contestants must spur animal before a re-ride will be given.
3. No excessive tightening on cinch.
4. Contractor has the option of where the buck rein is attached, halter must be plain with one rein.
5. Horses will be ridden eight seconds, time to start same in all rough stock events.

6. A contestant may use free hand to hold saddle. A night latch or dog collar type device **can not** be used to hang on.
7. Contestant will be disqualified for using sharp or locked rowel spurs.
8. Saddle & chaps shall be free of glue or any sticky substance.
9. Entry fees, added money, and stock charge will be determined by the stock contractor and/or committee. (5% sanction fee will be deducted from entry fees).
10. Contestants must call in if requested by stock contractor or committee.
11. Points will be given by judges ½ to rider and ½ to the animal.
12. Points will be given for spurring & fanning with contestant's hat.
13. The event may be limited to 6 contestants per performance.
14. CRRA may invite the top 10 Ranch Bronc Riding money earners throughout the year to compete at the finals.
15. Non-card holders will be asked to pay a \$10 permit fee.
16. Pay-off will follow the pay-off chart in concurrence with the bareback and saddle bronc pay-off scale.
17. Year end awards will be at the discretion of the CRRA executive board.
18. Rodeos wishing to offer ranch bronc riding should advertise the event in the rodeo listings.
19. CRRA dress code will be in affect.
20. Event will be open to anyone.
21. Contestant will not be disqualified for losing a stirrup during the ride.
22. All-Around points can be accumulated.

BULL RIDING

1. Riding to be done with one (1) hand and loose rope, with or without handhold. No knots or hitches to prevent rope from coming off the bull when rider leaves bull will be permitted. Rope must have a bell with dinger. Bell must be under belly of the bull
2. Bulls must be ridden eight (8) seconds. Time will start when both shoulders of the bull cross the plane of the chute.

3. All horns must be tipped to the diameter of a quarter. If a bull is in question of being tipped to the diameter of a quarter, judges will decide. If the bull is not in compliance, contestant will be drawn another animal from the re-ride pen of stock or the contestant has the option as to whether to compete on a bull found not to be in compliance with this rule. Judges should inspect bull herd before performance.
4. Riders may use dry rosin and saddle soap only.
5. If the rider makes a qualified ride with any part of the loose rope in his riding hand, he is to be marked by the judges.
6. Rider will have the right to call on judges to pass on whether or not the bull is properly flanked to buck its best.
7. Only five (5) point "PLAIN" or notched star rowels, one (1) rowel per shank may be used in the bull riding event. No saw tooth rowels, no parallel notches and no rowels exceeding one and one-quarter (1 1/4) inches in diameter.
8. Pick-up men shall not make contact or interfere in any way with bucking animal until whistle blows. Pick-up men shall not ride between bucking animal and judge until after the whistle blows.
9. If an animal fails to buck three (3) consecutive times during a rodeo season, he is subject to being taken out of the draw. This is to be decided between the event director and stock contractor/producer. If an agreement cannot be reached, subject is to be brought before the Cowboy Board of Directors.
10. Bulls are not to be hot-shotted until turned completely out of the chute, unless requested by the rider.
11. Rider must tell one (1) judge and flank man if he does not want his draw touched with the hot-shot.
12. Contestants will be required to compete on livestock drawn for them by the judge whether animal is considered a good draw or bad draw.
13. If rider declares himself immediately due to being fouled, a re-ride may be offered, but only at the discretion of the judge.
14. All re-rides will be drawn by at least one (1) judge. Re-ride animals will not be selected or appointed by stock contractor/producer or secretary.
15. In all cases, judge's decision on re-rides will be final. Contesting of this decision will not be allowed. Any rider failing to comply

with this rule will be disqualified and subject to a fine and/or suspension.

16. Contestant may be offered an option for a re-ride or take score given. The decision must be made immediately to accept or decline.
17. Rider may be given a re-ride, if flank strap comes off or breaks. The decision of a re-ride will be made by the judges. A re-ride will be given only, if a qualified ride is made.
18. A re-ride option will be given if a bull falls to ground during the ride, only if the bull's belly touches the ground.
19. All re-rides given by the judge will come from the re-ride pen. This includes flank strap coming off, fouled at the gate or animal does not buck sufficiently in the judge's opinion. No rider can ask a judge for a re-ride. Re-rides must be announced to the rodeo secretary before the next contestant performs.
20. Judges shall award re-rides at their own discretion, one (1) judge's decision will be final
21. The stock contractor will be responsible for insuring that a minimum of two bullfighters have been hired for each rodeo performance and slack.
22. A qualified ride must be made before a re-ride will be given for the bull stopping.
23. If no qualified rides are made in bull riding, all money including added money minus normal withholding will be added to bull riding bonus fund for that event.

BULL RIDING DISQUALIFICATIONS

1. Being bucked off
2. Using sharp spurs
3. Using illegal equipment
4. Assisting himself with arm or hand by touching animal, fence, person, or grabbing hat with free hand
5. Placing spurs in any part of the bull rope including Honda or pull side of rope on the first jump from the bucking chute – "FISHING"
6. Asking judges for a re-ride
7. Being assisted in the arena by other persons before whistle blows, exception being stock contractor/producer or their representative (Example: Throwing chaps or hat)
8. Not being ready to compete after being advised by the judge or arena director he is the next rider.

TIMED EVENTS

1. A stock contractor/producer shall furnish a minimum of ten (10) head of desirable animals for each timed event.
2. No timed event stock is to be drawn twice (in a go-round) until every animal in the draw has been drawn once. If judges award a re-run, the contestant who is awarded the re-run must compete on that animal before it is competed on a second time. All timed event cattle cannot have more than three (3) runs on them in a paid performance unless approved by the event director. Timed event cattle that are drawn and turned out are considered as a run on that animal.
3. No contestant may compete on the same head of stock twice at the same rodeo. Should the same head of stock be drawn, judges will draw another animal for the contestant, excluding team roping.
4. In timed events, time shall start when animal crosses the score line in front of the judge. Animal belongs to contestants when they call for livestock regardless of what happens.
5. If a gate is opened incorrectly, contestant must declare immediately and a re-run will then be given at the judge's discretion.
6. After barrier is stretched and animal is standing, the contestant will have forty-five (45) seconds to call for stock. After forty-five (45) seconds the judge may release the animal and contestant will receive a no time.
7. A thirty (30) second time limit will be in affect on all timed events. Time keeper will blow the whistle at the 30 second limit and contestant will retire from the arena.
8. Line judge shall be sure no one stands close enough to the barrier equipment to tamper with it. A judge failing to comply with these instructions will be declared ineligible to judge a CRRA rodeo.
9. If a flag judge mistakenly flags a contestant the time will stand.
10. In timed events when a barrier is used, penalties incurred during the original run will be added to the re-run. Contestant will get stock lap and tap. If there are no penalties, contestant will run over from behind the barrier. *(Lap & Tap-Starting the time when the line judge drops the flag if he chooses or when chute gate opens. If an animal escapes the arena after the animal has been roped, the contestant's rope will be placed on the animal while the animal is in the chute. If the contestant received a penalty, such as a*

broken barrier during the initial run, the penalty will be added to the total time.)

11. Times will be kept in tenths in all timed events except barrel racing which will be kept in thousandths, when automatic timers are used.
12. In all timed events, stock shall be drawn not less than one (1) hour or more than two (2) hours before each performance. A list shall be posted at least one (1) hour before each performance. All timed event cattle shall be run through, prior to the first performance of each rodeo. There shall be no closed drawing held. One (1) judge must be present for drawing of livestock, with rodeo secretary, at the rodeo arena. "All contestants entered in the timed events will be drawn a head of livestock, regardless, if they notify rodeo secretary they are unable to appear."
13. Performance positions and stock must be drawn "for performance only", slack will be drawn immediately following the performance. If a contestant runs out of position for any reason on the stock drawn for him and agrees to it, time will stand.
14. No timed event cattle will be used in calf scramble, steer un-decorating, wild cow riding or any other extra activities.
15. Line judge will have a list of cattle, contestants and positions with him at all times, while working the line. *In calf roping and breakaway roping the judge can stand on the left or right hand side of the roping box. In the steer wrestling and team roping the judge can only stand on the left side.*
16. Line judge will drop a flag as soon as it's determined the barrier has been beaten or broken.
17. If an animal is injured in the process of contesting in the timed events, the contestant will not receive another head during that go-round.
18. Timed event cattle will not be loaded in the release chute more than three (3) minutes before the beginning of that event.
19. The amount cattle are hazed will be at the discretion of the judge and the event director, however hazing will remain consistent throughout the rodeo.
20. Any timed event animal cut from herd cannot be brought back to a CRRA rodeo.
21. It is suggested that the rodeo secretary use uniform size poker chips for all drawing of livestock.

BARRIERS

1. If flag or automatic barrier fails to work, contestant will not receive stock over. The contestant will receive time penalty free upon the decision of the judge that the barrier functioned properly.
2. If the barrier fouls the contestant, (barrier equipment is defined as: head rope and jerk line stretched in front of the horse), contestant must declare himself immediately in order to be given a re-run. If the barrier fouls the contestant and he goes ahead and tries his stock, no re-run will be awarded. It will be the decision of the line judge, if the barrier fouls the contestant or not. It will be at the discretion of the judge to determine if the contestant has declared in a timely manner.
3. Contestant must have a western hat on when going behind the barrier and it must remain on until after calling for livestock.
4. In any timed event, when a barrier is used, it must be an automatic barrier.
5. Barrier will not be considered broken unless the ring falls within eight (8) feet of the post. Line judge is the only person responsible for picking up the ring. If the ring is beyond eight (8) feet of the post, there will not be a ten (10) second penalty added to the run.
6. No metal may be used on the jerk line and neck rope extending beyond the front of the chute. Barrier and jerk line must be tied with string only. (No rubber bands).
7. Once the barrier length has been set, it cannot be changed until a complete go-round or the completion of entire rodeo.
8. Starting flag must be in the most visible place for time- keepers. It is recommended flags be placed on both the head rope and the jerk line.
9. If barrier equipment stops animal or turns animal back, decision of the line judge will determine if stock is to be re-run.
10. No re-runs will be given for hanging of a horn or horns in the chute.
11. Barrier and barrier equipment used in the tie-down and breakaway roping cannot be used in the steer wrestling or team roping.
12. If the contestant beats or breaks the barrier, a ten (10) second penalty shall be enforced. Beating the barrier is defined when the horse's feet cross over the barrier before it is pulled.

13. It shall be the judge's duty to see that all barriers are set and functioning properly before each performance of the rodeo and slack.
14. If a barrier is replaced or repaired in a performance, barrier must be replaced identical to first barrier. No re-run will be given for adjustment of jerk line that pulls in front of the horse.

TIE-DOWN ROPING

1. Contestant must catch the calf, dismount, go down the rope, throw the calf by hand, cross and tie any three (3) legs. At least one wrap must be around all three legs of the calf when tie is complete to be a legal tie. If the roper's hand is on the calf when the calf falls, the calf is considered thrown by hand. Rope must hold the calf until the roper gets a hand on the calf. If the calf is down when the roper reaches it, the calf must be stood up with three (3) legs dangling straight underneath and re-thrown. The tie must be finished with a half hitch or "hooley". The time stops when the roper signals for time and the field judge drops the flag.
2. Catch as catch can; any catch is legal. Untie men must stay back until after the field judge has passed on the tie.
3. Stock contractor/producer shall endeavor to keep an even set of calves. Judges (provided it meets with the approval of the calf roping director) shall retain the privilege of eliminating uneven calves when necessary.
4. Anytime there is not a fresh calf for every roper, all calves must be run through at least twice and tied down at least twice before drawing. If a fresh calf is added to the herd, he must be run through, roped from a horse and tied down at least twice before going into the draw.
5. If uneven calves are eliminated from a stock contractor/producer's herd, it must be done prior to the draw of the first performance. Numbers of all calves eliminated must be sent to the CRRRA office within four (4) working days after the rodeo by the judge and/or calf roping director.
6. If a known turn-back calf turns back two (2) consecutive times, it shall be taken out of the draw before the next CRRRA rodeo. The calf number must be sent to the CRRRA office with four (4) working days after the rodeo by the judge and/or calf roping director.
7. Fresh calves cannot be added to an old herd.

8. Names of ropers and number of calves drawn shall be posted one (1) hour before each performance. Roper must be ready to rope when his turn comes or his stock will be turned out.
9. Any contestant tampering with calves will be disqualified at that particular rodeo. (NO CONTESTANTS ALLOWED IN THE PEN WITH STOCK).
10. Judges should consider calves being roped when setting the length of the barrier. EXAMPLE: If the calves are uneven, some fast, some slow, set the barrier shorter. This will even the pen up.
11. Barrier, box, chute or score line will not be changed after a rodeo has begun.
12. A stop watch will be used by the field judge. Calves must remain tied down with all (3) legs crossed and tied for six (6) seconds. Judge will not start this six (6) second period until roper has remounted his horse and given the calf complete slack. Field judge must watch the calf during this six (6) second period and stop his watch, if the calf kicks free. This time will be used to determine whether the calf was tied long enough to qualify. If rope comes off the calf and the contestant goes ahead and ties the calf, the six (6) second watch will start when the contestant takes his hand off the pigging string. If a roper retightens the rope after the judge has started the six (6) second watch, the judge may restart the watch or the contestant may be flagged out at the judge's discretion. It is not required but strongly recommended that a judge allow the roper to examine the time on the watch if a calf has kicked free before the six (6) seconds.
13. If the barrier equipment fouls the roper, roper must immediately declare himself. However, if the roper goes ahead and tries his stock, he will not be given the calf over. Barrier equipment is defined as head rope and jerk line in front of the horse. Judge's decision is final.
14. Stock contractor/producer or committee will furnish one (1) man to open all front gates for the entire rodeo.
15. Calf roping horse must leave the box before the roper can rope the calf.
16. If a judge mistakenly flags a contestant early, the time will stand and no re-run will be given. Regardless of recorded time.
17. No calves used in the official draw can be used in the calf scramble, ribbon roping or other activities during the CRRR rodeo. Stock contractor/producer will be fined if this should happen.

18. Calves should be ran through the chute at least one (1) time before the rodeo begins and will exit the arena in the same location that will be used during the performance. (EXCEPTION: A fresh calf is provided for each contestant).
19. Calf roping is to be run prior to barrel racing in the performance. It is mandatory to drag the arena before slack and after barrel racing in slack.

TIE-DOWN ROPING - DISQUALIFICATIONS

1. Two (2) loops will be permitted, if roper is carrying two (2) loops. Should he miss with both loops, he must retire from the arena and no time will be given. Roping the calf without releasing the loop from the hand is not permitted. Contestants must adjust the neck rope and reins in a manner that will prevent the horse from dragging the calf.
2. If the calf kicks free before the tie has been passed on by the field judge, the roper will receive no time.
3. No re-runs will be given due to the default or breaking of contestant's equipment. Borrowed equipment is accepted as contestant's own.
4. Contestant will be flagged out and fined for intentionally dragging a calf.
5. Roper must not touch the calf after signaling for time. Once the flagman turns and rides away, time will be given to the roper.
6. Tail man or pusher caught pulling barrier. (reference fine chart)
7. Roper taking slack out of the rope after riding forward for judge to start watch. (judge may choose to restart watch instead.)
8. Failure to have at least one wrap around all three legs when run is complete.

RE-RUNS TIE-DOWN ROPING

1. If the contestant is given the wrong calf (other than the one drawn for him), he will be given the correct calf and the time on the incorrect calf will be disregarded.
2. If the calf gets out of the arena, the flagman is to drop his flag, stopping the time and the roper will get that same calf back lap and tap. The roper is to start in the box with the time he had when the calf got out of the arena added to his time. If the rope was on the calf when it escaped from the arena, it must be on the calf for the re-run on the lap and tap. If the roper has broken the barrier prior

to the calf escaping from the arena, the penalty will be added to the final time.

STEER WRESTLING

1. In this event there will be one (1) steer wrestler, one (1) hazer and one (1) steer. Hazer and horse are furnished by the contestant. The contestant (steer wrestler or bulldogger) is the person that pays the entry fee and attempts to throw their steer faster than all others entered in this event. This person must abide by all rules of the CRRA.
2. The steer must be caught from horseback. If steer wrestler loses contact with the steer, no more than one (1) step can be made to regain contact. Only one jump can be made at the steer.
3. After catching the steer, contestant must bring the steer to a stop or change direction then twist the steer down by applying a hold to the head and/or horns.
4. If the steer is knocked down, tripped or thrown by putting horns into the ground, contestant must let the steer up and re-throw him. Steer will be considered down only when it is lying on its side with all four (4) legs clear from under him and with head straight. Steer wrestler must have hands on the steer when flagged.
5. The fairness of the catch and throw will be left to the judges. Judges decision will be final. Stepping in front of the steer and throwing him while still in a forward motion is an illegal fall. Contestant's feet must hit over the score line or he will be penalized ten (10) seconds.
6. Steer wrestling is to be run prior to the barrel racing in the performance. It is mandatory to drag the arena before slack and after barrel racing slack.
7. Hot-shotting of the steer will be at the discretion of the contestant.
8. Stock contractor/producer or committee will furnish one (1) man to open all front gates for the entire rodeo.
9. All timed event cattle shall be run individually prior to the first performance of each rodeo and cattle that cannot clear the chute will be eliminated from the draw or tipped at that particular rodeo. Failure to comply with this rule will result in stock contractor/producer being subject to a fine.

STEER WRESTLING – STEERS

1. In this event only steers (not cows, heifers or bulls) may be used. Steers used in steer wrestling must be of the same breed not mixed and preferably MEXICAN CATTLE.
2. Any steers used one (1) year cannot be held over for another year in the steer wrestling. If a stock contractor/producer wishes to use steers the next year, he must submit in writing a letter to the director. The director will make his decision and prepare a letter which will be sent to the CRRRA office to be put on file.
3. Steers used for steer wrestling cannot be used for any other event (team tying, team roping, steer riding, etc.).
4. All steers in this event must have been run and thrown from horseback at least once before going into the draw. Steers must be tipped (horns cut to the size of a dime or bigger). Steer must be either ear tagged or have a readable fire brand.
5. Steers formerly used in roping events can never be used in steer wrestling.

CUTTING OF STEERS

1. Stock contractor/producers shall endeavor to keep an even set of steers, however the privilege of eliminating uneven steers when necessary, will be retained by the judges and/or the event director.
2. Steers will be closely inspected before each performance and objectionable animals eliminated.
3. A contestant will not be required to compete on a steer that is:
 - a. Crippled
 - b. Has a broken horn
 - c. Blind (in one eye or both eyes)
 - d. Sick or too weak
 - e. Horns not tipped
 - f. *Considered dangerous*
4. If contestant calls for a steer that has been drawn for him, then by doing so accepts the animal as sound. Judges and/or event director will determine whether stock should be competed on. The number of any steer eliminated by the steer wrestling director and/or judges must be sent to the CRRRA office within four (4) working days following the rodeo.
5. Once an animal has been dogged in a performance, it cannot be taken out of the draw during the go-round unless:

- a. Animal is crippled
- b. Has a broken horn
- c. Blind (in one eye or both eyes)
- d. Sick or too weak
- e. Horns not tipped

STEER WRESTLING – DISQUALIFICATIONS

1. Pulling of barrier (giving contestant a better start) will automatically disqualify contestant.
2. Contestant will be disqualified, if he attempts in any way to alter barrier or tamper with the steer without proper authority.
3. Hazer must not hit the steer in the face before catch is made or render any assistance to the contestant while he is working with the steer. Failure to observe this rule will disqualify the contestant.
4. Tail man or pusher caught pulling barrier.

STEER WRESTLING – RE-RUNS

- a. If flag or automatic barrier fails to work, contestant will receive a free roll at judge's discretion, no rerun will be given.
- b. If the barrier equipment hangs on the steer, stopping the steer before crossing the score line preventing contestant from making a fair catch a re-run will be given. This does not pertain, if the contestant runs a steer and sets the steer up. Judge's decision will decide if the steer is re-run.
- c. If the steer gets out of the chute before contestant calls for him, contestant will get a re-run unless the contestant makes an effort to catch the steer. Judges will decide if the steer is re-run.
- d. If contestant is given a re-run, any penalties incurred will be added to the end of the run.
- e. If the contestant is given the wrong steer (other than the one drawn for him), he will be given the correct steer drawn for him and the time of the incorrect steer will be disregarded.

TEAM ROPING

1. When calling to enter a rodeo, contestants must distinguish the entries as either a header or heeler.

2. In entering, each member of the team pays an entry fee. At rodeos where team ropers enter twice, you must change partners or change ends. (from header to heeler or heeler to header).
3. If one (1) partner in the team roping event does not show, the other partner will have the right to choose a partner from the other contestants already entered or switch ends with the third partner. New partner must have a run available. No contestant may go more than allowed to make up the team. After one (1) man is declared not there and another partner is substituted, you cannot change back to the original partner. The partner that did not show up will be liable for fees and no turn out fine can be charged.
4. Team roping horses must leave the box before the roper can rope the steer.
5. There will be two (2) time-keepers, a barrier judge and a field flagman. Only the barrier judge will be allowed at the score line and he must be to the left of the header.
6. Animals should be inspected by the judges and/or team roping director and objectionable ones eliminated. Any objectionable animal eliminated must be done prior to the draw of the first performance. The number of the steer must be sent to the CRRRA office by the judges and/or team roping director within four (4) working days of the last performance of the rodeo.
7. Animal belongs to the contestant after crossing the score line in front of the line judge. EXCEPTION: If an animal gets out of the arena, the flag will be dropped and time will be stopped. If the animal has been roped, contestant gets the animal back lap and tap with the same head catch. Time on the re-run to be added to the original time on the first run. The only exception will be, if a contestant is given the wrong steer.
8. Each contestant will be permitted one (1) rope.
9. Animal must be on his feet when roped by either end.
10. Roper must turn loose of the loop when catching animal or a no time will be given.
11. Contestants must hold dallies until flagman passes on catch.
12. Lost or broken rope receives a no time.
13. Judge shall disqualify contestants, if animal receives unnecessary rough treatment.

14. Contestants are not allowed to change catch by rubbing rope over horn or nose by hand to make a bad catch legal.
15. Loops can be changed by fishing only.
16. All changes in the list of roping order to split horses (etc.) must be made before any stock for that event is loaded in the chute. After animals are loaded, contestants must rope in order listed.
17. Time will be stopped when the steer is roped and both horses are facing steer in an "L" shape or better, with ropes dallied tight and horses facing center *with all 4 feet on the ground.*
18. Team can receive a no-time for cross firing. Cross firing is defined as delivery of a heel loop prior to the steer having his direction changed and being in tow.
19. Team roping heelers 65 years and older or female may be allowed to tie on hard and fast.
20. No team roping steers shall be used over one (1) year without prior approval by the team roping director.
21. There will be no supplement team roping steers from the steer wrestling herd unless previously roped and approved by the director.
22. Blind animals or animals with bad eyes will not be used.
23. Stock contractor/producers shall try to keep an even set of steers (meaning height and weight). The privilege of eliminating uneven steers when necessary will be retained by the team roping director. All cattle must be uniform in gender and breed.
24. All new fresh steers must have been run and roped at least once.
25. All steers must have head wraps when roped.
26. Steers used for team roping cannot be used for any other event unless approved by that event director.
27. If a flagman mistakenly flags a team without a dally, that time will stand.
28. Team roping is to be run prior to barrel racing in the performance. In slack, team roping will be run before barrel racing slack. Director will have the option of advising on ground conditions.
29. If the barrier equipment hangs on an animal stopping or jerking it's head out of position preventing the contestant from making a fair catch, the judge will decide if the contestant was prevented from making a fair catch. His decision will be final.

30. No re-runs will be given due to the hanging of a horn or horns in the chute.
31. If a contestant is given the wrong steer (other than the one drawn for him) he will be given the correct steer drawn for him and the incorrect time disregarded. Judges decision is final.
32. A five (5) second penalty will be added for roping only one (1) heel.
33. No front feet are allowed in the heel catch.
34. If the loop crosses itself on a head catch, it is illegal, but it is allowed on the heel catch.
35. Team will be disqualified if tail man or pusher is caught pulling barrier.

TEAM ROPING – LEGAL CATCHES

1. Around both horns
2. Around the neck
3. Half a head
4. Any heel catch behind both shoulders is legal, if the rope comes on from around the heels
5. Dew claw catch is legal, if the catch holds.

COWGIRLS BARREL RACING

1. The purpose of the cowgirls barrel race is to promote femininity, color and pageantry to the normally thought of “tough” sport of rodeo. Barrel racers at CRRRA approved rodeos must be female and hold a current CRRRA card.
2. Barrel racing is a timed event in which contestants must complete a cloverleaf pattern around three (3) barrels making either one (1) right and two (2) left hand turns or one (1) left and two (2) right hand turns.
3. Barrels are to be set on the inside of each stake in a cloverleaf pattern.
4. Judges may be allowed to leave their position to assist in repositioning the barrels as long as they have clearly marked their position and return to the same exact location.
5. Barrels must be regulation size (55 gallon) and enclosed on both ends. No pads or tires may be used on or around barrels. Barrels must be at least two (2) colors. No solid colored barrels. Stock contractor/producers failure to comply will result in a fine. Barrels should remain the same for the entire contest.

6. Barrel pattern is to be measured and staked by the judges before the rodeo and measurements posted. Score line and electric timers *or laser timers* will also be visibly marked and staked. Barrel stakes should also be marked on the fence for easier location and visibility.
7. All measurements must be posted for contestants inspection before each performance.
8. Position on the fence for the flagman should be well marked and checked before each performance.
9. Stakes should be measured with a tape measure prior to each performance.
10. Electronic timers *or laser timers* must be staked and marked throughout the entire rodeo.
11. Barrel pattern is to be staked according to arena size and or ground conditions, suggest following these guidelines: barrels 1 and 2 to be a minimum of fifteen (15) feet from the fence (may be more, if arena size permits). Barrel 3 is to be a minimum of twenty-five (25') feet from the fence (should be more, if arena size permits). If the arena size permits, the score line will be sixty (60') feet from the first and second barrel. The guidelines for maximum pattern shall be 90 feet between barrels 1 and 2, 105 feet between barrels 1 and 3 and 2 and 3: Adjustments can be made for arena conditions. Sufficient room should be made for stopping and starting (minimum of fifty (50') feet).
12. If junior or other barrel race is held, it should be staked at least twenty (20') feet from the CRRA stakes and held after the CRRA contest. Extra stakes in the arena will be removed.
13. There shall be two (2) judges in the barrel race. One (1) to act as a line judge (flagman) and one (1) to act as a field judge to determine any irregularities that may occur in the arena. Setting up barrels, picking up hats or equipment, etc.
14. The flagman shall remain the same for the entire rodeo. Judges may not switch.
15. The flagman shall flag the barrel horse when the horse's nose reaches the starting line and flag the horse's nose when it crosses the finish line. The start and finish line must be the same. Any time a contestant re-crosses the line before making a cloverleaf pattern, she will be disqualified.
16. When a specific CRRA rule does not apply and no approved ground rules are posted, the appropriate CRRA ruling as

- interpreted by the contest judge shall apply. The decision of the judge will be final.
17. In all cases of dispute, the rodeo will proceed without delay under existing CRRA rules. Any contestant or person connected with the contestant altercation or arguing with the judges will be barred from the arena and the contestant will be disqualified from any future CRRA rodeo until further notice and subject to a fine.
 18. There will be no talking to the judges, timekeepers or flagman during the barrel racing event.
 19. In cases of dispute of pay-off. The person in dispute shall file a letter of complaint to the Cowboy Board of Directors for discussion. Points will be adjusted according to the ruling.
 20. Judges will be subject to a fine for not using electric timers, if available.
 21. It is mandatory that electric timers be used, if at all possible. Timers may be provided by the stock contractor/producer, rodeo committee or CRRA.
 22. If any judge or judges refuse to use timers when available, the judge or judges may be assessed a fifty (\$50.00) dollar fine. Judges shall check timers prior to the start of the rodeo to make sure all is in working order. Judges shall make every effort to correct any malfunctions or may be fined. Judges shall make every effort to be as accurate as possible when flagging, even when electric timer is used. This being done in case of timer malfunction. Back-up times will be used as official times.
 23. Permanent markers shall be in the ground for the electric timers.
 24. Those persons hand timing the barrel race must have previous experience or have instruction on their responsibilities prior to the first performance.
 25. Those persons timing the first performance must time those contestants remaining in all the following performances, unless due to sickness, injury or incompetence.
 26. All electric timers must be backed up by at least two (2) timekeepers. Manual back up times being recorded along with electric times. Back up times will be posted along with the electric times and shall be recorded in one-tenths of a second. Digital timers are preferred. If barrel racing is flagged due to automatic timer failure, time will be kept in tenths of a second.
 27. Laser marking the barrel pattern is permitted. Each barrel is to be staked on the ground according to CRRA ground rules with each

barrel set on the inside of each stake then the barrel is to be marked on the top of each barrel in the center. After laser and mark is centered the ground stake can be removed. When setting the laser it should be set where it will only be seen in the center of the top of each barrel.

ELECTRONIC FAILURES AND RE-RUNS

1. Judges shall make every effort to correct timer malfunctions or shall be fined.
2. If the electric timer fails on two (2) or more barrel racers in a row and repairs cannot be made within ten (10) minutes, all times will be that of the flagman and two (2) manual timers.
3. If the timer fails on an individual contestant, but functions on all others, that contestant shall be given a re-run. Back up times will not be used on a single basis.
4. Contestant will have the option of a re-run then or after the performance. She shall notify the judges within an adequate amount of time of her decision.
5. If a contestant decides to re-run, all penalties will be assessed from the previous run unless she was informed by the judge or announcer that there was an electric timer failure and she chose to pull her horse up and save him for the next run.
6. If the electric timer fails to work and cannot be restored to working order, back up times will be used for the entire rodeo.
7. Re-runs for situations other than electric timer failure will be the decision of the rodeo judges.
8. In the event the barrels or timers are misplaced, those contestants running that pattern must run over in order to receive an official time. Judges will correct the conditions and contestants will re-run after the performance. No penalties will be assessed, if course was set incorrectly.
9. Should the marker be gone and a tape measure be used to set up the barrels, that is sufficient and no re-run will be given.
10. Re-run to be given to the contestant at the judge's discretion should the default occur due to the management of the rodeo.
11. No re-run will be given due to the default or breaking of contestant's equipment or horse falling.

12. If a barrel racer receives a re-run after the regular performance, she will make her run on the ground conditions after the performance, prior to the slack. If the contestant was first to run in the performance the arena will be dragged prior to the re-run. The arena will be dragged again before the remainder of the barrel racing slack begins

13. In the event of an electronic eye malfunction, times from each of the 2 stop watches shall be averaged, and a zero (0) added to the tenth. There will be no option of a rerun. If the electronic eye malfunctions more than 3 times in the course of the rodeo the backup times will be the official times in that rodeo. In the event the electronic eye and both backup times are missed, the option of a rerun with no penalties is carried over.

GATEWAYS AND ALLEYWAYS

1. The contestant is allowed a running start and will be required to run in and out of the arena only when an acceptable, centrally located gate or gates safely permit.
2. The arena and alleyway is to be cleared from all other contestants and objects before barrel race begins and remain cleared until after the last contestant runs.
3. There will only be one (1) contest horse in the arena at a time during the barrel race, without exception.
4. The position of the gate shall remain the same for all contestants. If the gate is closed, it shall remain closed. If the gate is open, it shall remain open for all contestants. The secretary may wish to post the position of the gate along with the ground rules and the draw.
5. All gates in alleyway are considered locked during the duration of the barrel racing. Stock contractors are subject to fine if alleyway gates are opened during the barrel racing.
6. Arena gates will be closed if exit from arena is deemed unsafe.
7. If there is a double alley (left of center and right of center) the contestant will have the choice of starting from either alley.
8. All areas outside the entrance of the alley will be clear of all spectators, contestants, and vehicles, in consideration of contestant safety. Committees and contractors should be responsible for this.

COWGIRL BARREL RACE – PENALTIES

1. If a contestant knocks over a barrel, there will be five (5) seconds added to her time for every barrel knocked down.
2. If a contestant knocks over a barrel and it stands back up on the other end, a five (5) second penalty will be added to her time.
3. There is no penalty for touching barrels.

CBR DISQUALIFICATIONS

1. Dress Code: All contestants must wear complete western attire. Long sleeve shirts (tucked in), western hat and boots. Blue jeans are permissible. Sleeveless shirts or short sleeve shirts are prohibited. No short or long sleeve T-shirts are allowed. Hats shall be on the head and not worn around the neck while in the

- arena. This rule will be enforced one (1) hour prior to the performance and in the slack for all contestants while in the arena. Failure to follow the dress code will result in a fine. Failure to follow dress code while competing will result in disqualification.
2. Barrel racers will be required to have the hat on their head when entering the arena and until she crosses the score line to begin her run. Failure to comply will result in disqualification.
 3. Contestant will be disqualified, if after crossing the score line and being flagged as beginning the run, she re-crosses the score line before completion of the cloverleaf pattern.
 4. Contestant will be disqualified for not following the cloverleaf pattern one (1) right and two (2) lefts or one (1) left and two (2) right hand turns.
 5. Contestant will be disqualified for circling the barrel twice. They may also be fined for excessive training or circling their horse.
 6. If the contestant is not ready to compete when called, her run may be passed by or she may be subject to a fine by the agreement of the arena director and one (1) judge. If there is any change of posted order of events, the arena director must give contestants at least ten (10) minutes to get ready.
 7. Contestant will be fined and disqualified for whipping her horse in front of the shoulders in the arena.
 8. Contestant may be fined and/or disqualified for working her horse on the stakes. If a contestant wishes to work her horse on the stakes, it must be at least twelve (12) feet off the stakes (to one side or the other, but not around).

VET RELEASE & TURN-OUTS

1. A crippled or sick horse *not* will be accepted as a reason to withdraw from a rodeo unless a veterinarian's certificate stating that the animal is sick or too lame to run and sent to the CRRA no more than a total of three (3) releases, (vet or doctor releases) per year can be used. If a contestant turns out due to a doctor's release, she may not compete for ten (10) days. If a contestant turns out due to a vet release, she may not compete on that horse for ten (10) days.
2. If a contestant does not notify the CRRA office within four (4) working days of the last performance, she will be assessed all fees plus a fine. If her fees are paid within four (4) working days of the last performance, the contestant will not be fined and will be eligible to enter the next rodeo.

COWGIRL BARREL RACE – GROUND RULES

1. The arena shall be worked every ten (10) barrel racers in slack. It is highly suggested the committee and stock contractor/producer make every effort to keep the ground the same throughout the rodeo. **FOR EXAMPLE:** Stock should not be fed or watered next to the barrel stakes. The ground should be worked the same for slack as during the performance. Unless a lesser number of barrel racers are ran in the performance. In this instance the arena will be worked in the slack after the same number of contestants that were ran in the performance. (Example: 8 in the performance, then drag after every 8 in slack)
2. If a junior or other barrel race involving a barrel (s) is held, it must be run after the approved barrel race. Stakes should be twenty (20') feet away from CRRA barrel stakes.
3. In the event the ground is too dangerous to run the barrels on the original stakes, at the judge's discretion, jackpotted each night with any money pro-rated. Points for each night will be counted towards the Finals.
4. Any special ground rules are to be posted by the rodeo secretary.
5. Positions will be drawn and posted by the rodeo secretary. No position trade outs allowed.
6. Payoff for the barrel racing follows a different schedule, refer to the section under Pay-off.
7. *For safety reasons the judge may call for an unscheduled drag.*
8. If it is discovered the barrels have been placed differently on the stakes than previously ran during a rodeo, two different payoffs may be paid for each pattern. Added money will be prorated according to the percentage of contestants running on each pattern.
9. No exhibition runs may be held by a contestant entered.

BREAK-AWAY ROPING

1. The breakaway roping will be open to females only.
2. Only one loop will be permitted at all rodeo including finals. A dropped loop will be considered a thrown loop and will result in a no time.
3. If no qualified times at a rodeo, total purse will be sent to the CRRA office and will be put into the breakaway finals bonus fund. If no qualified times in a round at the finals, all round money will be added to the average payout.

4. Rope must be tied to the saddle horn with nylon string provided by the judge or the breakaway director. Rope must also have a colorful cloth attached to the end of the rope at the saddle horn.
5. The only legal catch is (BELL COLLAR), which is defined as passing over the calf's head and drawing around the neck. The loop cannot contain legs or tail in any form, at the time of breaking away from the saddle horn.
6. The judge will flag the contestant when the rope breaks away from the saddle horn.
7. The contestant will receive a no-time should she break the rope away from the saddle horn with her hand, however if the rope becomes dallied around the horn, the contestant may ride forward and un-dally in order for the rope to break away from the horn.
8. The contestant must pass through the barrier before throwing her loop.
9. The contestant must be on her horse when the time is taken, or receive a no-time.
10. Field flag judge is recommended to position themselves in the arena against the fence two thirds (2/3) of the way down the arena on the side of the contestants arm. A spotter is required at all rodeos. Spotter should be positioned directly across the arena from the flag judge to notify the flag judge immediately if a catch is not legal. The spotter must be the same person each performance.
11. Calves may be identified with permanent marked ear tags and/or hot brand. No duplicate numbers or untagged calves permitted.
12. Calves shall be ran through the chute prior to the performance of slack. Calves will exit the arena in the same location that will be used in competition. (Exception: each contestant runs a fresh calf)
13. Fresh calves can not be added to an old herd.
14. No calf may be used twice in one day at a rodeo with 3 or more performances. Two day rodeo are an exception to this rule, but should try to keep runs even each night. Two performances in one day would also be an exception.
15. All calves should be similar in breeding, and weight should not deviate in excess of 50 pounds from smallest to largest. Calves need to be strong enough to break string but may not weigh in excess of 350 pounds. Calves should not have horns in excess of 3 inches in length. Any questionable animals can be removed from

the draw by the event director. Failure to abide by these rules could result in a fine.

16. Any calf that eliminates a contestant from a chance of winning (ducks back, stops, etc....), will be eliminated from the draw before the next rodeo.
17. Animal belongs to the contestant once stock crosses score line, regardless of what happens, except in cases of mechanical failure. If contestant accepts animal, she accepts it as sound.
18. If in the opinion of the barrier judge, contestant is fouled by barrier rope, roper shall get calf over providing contestant declares immediately. Hitting a stationary object such as fence, pole, chute, etc. is ropers responsibility. No re-run.
19. If contestant runs the wrong calf, a re-run will be given on the correct animal and the time on the incorrect animal will be disregarded.
20. Tampering with calves in the pen or chute and/or barrier will result in disqualification of contestant.
21. Tail man or pusher caught pulling barrier, will result in contestant receiving a no-time.

HUMANE RULES

1. A veterinarian shall be in attendance or immediately available at every rodeo and shall examine, treat or recommend destruction. Such destruction shall take place as soon as possible.
2. A conveyance of a type (sled) on which injured animals may be easily placed without causing additional injury must be made available at all rodeos to remove animals from the arena in case of injury.
3. (Optional Ground Rule) Calves shall not be jerked down. A ten (10) second penalty or disqualification shall be imposed for a jerk down. The calf will be considered jerked down if the back of the head or shoulders hits the ground first.
4. Calves will not be dragged after roping. Disqualification shall be imposed for deliberate dragging of the calf after roping.
5. Calves injured in roping shall not be tied. Calves must be strong, healthy and weigh not less than one hundred fifty (150), but not more than two hundred fifty (250) pounds.
6. A pen, corral or truck bed shall be prepared to receive injured animals from the arena with an adequate bed of straw or other appropriate bedding laid down for their comfort.

7. Electric prods shall be used only when necessary. No other kinds of prods (such as pointed sticks) are allowed.
8. Horses will not be whipped in front of the shoulders.
9. Chutes, corrals, mangers, etc. must be constructed as to prevent injury to stock. All areas in which stock is kept and the arena shall be free of rocks, holes and obstacles. The stock contractor/producer shall determine the safe condition of the above with all maintenance and repair expenses borne by the owner of the chutes, corrals, mangers, etc.
10. No contract performer shall abuse rodeo stock or animals used in their acts in any way.
11. Arena help may be fired and/or contestants may be disqualified for any mistreatment of stock.
12. No stock belonging to either contestant or stock contractor/producers should be confined to vehicles beyond a period of twenty-eight (28) hours without being unloaded, properly fed and watered. Provided that when the animals are carried in conveyances in which they do have proper food, water, space and opportunity to rest, the provision for unloading shall not apply.
13. Stock that becomes excessively excited so that it gets down in the chute repeatedly or tries to jump out of the chute or in any way appears in danger of injuring itself, should be released into the arena.
14. All horse flank straps are to be provided with a protective lining and shall be of the quick release type. Flank straps are to fasten onto the animal so that the protective lining portion covers the belly and body flanks shall be kept in good repair.
15. Use of fireworks on any animal is prohibited.
16. No sick or injured animals, whether discovered before or after the draw, shall be permitted to be used in competition.
17. No electronic devices are permitted to be used by contestants.

WINTER JACKPOTS

1. Timed event and rough stock that would add \$100.00 or less.
2. Withhold only: 5% for single approved and 6% for co-approved;
 - a. Stock charge \$12.00
 - b. Finals Fund 3.00
 - c. Association Secretary 1.00

3. All would pay at the gate – not over \$5.00 each.
4. Barrel race timer charge – determined by host.
5. Team roping – may enter 3 times, however may only count two places if the team would place three times.
6. No all around points would be counted.
7. Approved from: November 1 – March 31 of each year.

Revised April 2016